

```

/*      @(#)subr.c      2.7      */

#include "sys/param.h"
#include "sys/conf.h"
#include "sys/inode.h"
#include "sys/inodex.h"
#include "sys/user.h"
#include "sys/userx.h"
#include "sys/buf.h"
#include "sys/bufx.h"
#include "sys/system.h"
#include "sys/tty.h"

/*
 * Bmap defines the structure of file system storage
 * by returning the physical block number on a device given the
 * inode and the logical block number in a file.
 * When convenient, it also leaves the physical
 * block number of the next block of the file in rabiack
 * for use in read-ahead.
 */
daddr_t
bmap(ip, bn, rwflag)
struct inode *ip;
daddr_t bn;
{
    register struct buf *bp;
    register daddr_t mb;
    register unsigned i;
    int *mbp, d;

    d = ip->ldev;
    if (bn & ~0377) {
        u_error = ERRIG;
        return((daddr_t)0);
    }
    rabiack = 0;

    if ((ip->lmode&IFMT) != IFREG && (ip->lmode&IFMT) != IFDIR) {
        /*
         * small file algorithm
         */
        if ((bn & ~7) != 0) {
            /*
             * convert small to large
             */
            if (rwflag == B_READ || (bp = alloc(d)) == NULL)
                copyto(paddr(bp), ip->lun.l_addr, 16, u_wkd);
            for (i = 0; i < 8; i++)

```

```

        ip->l_un.l_addr[l] = 0;
        ip->l_addr[l] = bp->b_b1kno;
        bwrite(bp);
        switch(ip->l_mode&IFMT) {
        case IFRG:
            ip->l_mode = (ip->l_mode&~IFMT) | IFLRG;
            break;
        case IFDIR:
            ip->l_mode = (ip->l_mode&~IFMT) | IFDIR;
            break;
        default:
            panic("bmap");
        }
        ip->l_flag |= IUPD;
        goto large;
    }
    nb = ip->l_un.l_addr[bn];
    if (nb == 0) {
        if (rwflag==B_READ || (bp = alloc(d))!=NULL)
            return((daddr_t)-1);
        bwrite(bp);
        nb = bp->b_b1kno;
        ip->l_un.l_addr[bn] = nb;
        ip->l_flag |= IUPD;
    }
    if (bn<7)
        rablock = ip->l_un.l_addr[bn+1];
    return(nb);
}

/*
 * large file algorithm
 */
large:
    if (bn>8)
        if (ip->l_un.l_addr[l] == 0) {
            if (rwflag==B_READ || (bp = alloc(d)) == NULL)
                Return((daddr_t)-1);
            ip->l_un.l_addr[l] = bp->b_b1kno;
            ip->l_flag |= IUPD;
        } else
            bp = bread(d, nb);

/*
 * normal indirect fetch
 */
    i = bn & 0377;
    if ((nb = xget(paddr(bp) + 2*i)) == 0) {
        if (rwflag==B_READ || (mbp = alloc(d)) == NULL) {
            brelse(bp);
            return((daddr_t)-1);
        }
    }
}

```

```

nb = nbp->b_blkno;
xput(paddr(bp) + 2*i, nb);
bwrite(nbp);
bwrite(bp);

```

```

} else
  brelse(bp);
if(i < 255)
  rblock = xget(paddr(bp) + 2*(i+1));
return(nb);
}

```

```

/* Pass back c to the user at his location u_base;
 * update u_base, u_count, and u_offset. Return -1
 * on the last character of the user's read.
 * u_base is in the user address space unless u_segflg is set.
 */
pass(c)
char c;

```

```

register id;

if((id = u.u_segflg) == 1)
  *u.u_base = c;
else
  if(id?subyte(u.u_base, c):subyte(u.u_base, c) < 0) {
    u.u_error = EFAULT;
    return(-1);
  }
  u.u_count--;
  u.u_offset++;
  u.u_base++;
  return(u.u_count == 0? -1: 0);
}

```

```

/* Pick up and return the next character from the user's
 * write call at location u_base;
 * update u_base, u_count, and u_offset. Return -1
 * when u_count is exhausted. u_base is in the user's
 * address space unless u_segflg is set.
 */
opass()

```

```

register c, id;

if(u.u_count == 0)
  return(-1);
if((id = u.u_segflg) == 1)
  c = *u.u_base;
else
  if((c = id==0?subyte(u.u_base):subyte(u.u_base)) < 0) {
    u.u_error = EFAULT;
    return(-1);
  }
  u.u_count--;
}

```

```

u.u_offset++;
u.u_base++;
return(cc0377);
}

```

```

/* Routine which sets a user error; placed in
 * illegal entries in the bdevsw and cdevsw tables.
 */
nodev()
{
}

```

```

u.u_error = ENODEV;
}

```

```

/* Null routine; placed in insignificant entries
 * in the bdevsw and cdevsw tables.
 */
nulldev()
{
return(0); /* make stty happy*/
}

```

```

/* copy count bytes from from to to.
 */
bcopy(from, to, count)
register int *from, *to;
register unsigned count;

```

```

if (((int)from | (int)to | count) & 01) {
do
*((char *)to)++ = *((char *)from)++;
while(--count);
} else {
count /= 2;
do
*to++ = *from++;
while(--count);
}
}

```

```

/* Integer (2-byte) get/put
 * using clists.
 */
getw(p)
register struct clist *p;
{
register int s;

```

```

if (p->c_cc <= 1)
return(-1);
s =getc(p);

```

```
return(s | (getc(p)<<8));  
putw(c, p)  
register struct clist *p;  
register int s;  
extern cfreelist;  
#ifdef NXCLIST  
extern xcfreelist;  
#endif  
s = spl6();  
#ifdef NXCLIST  
if (cfreelist=NULL || xcfreelist=NULL)  
#else  
if (cfreelist=NULL)  
#endif  
{  
    splx(s);  
    return(-1);  
}  
putc(c, p);  
putc(c>>8, p);  
splx(s);  
return(0);  
}
```

```
/* @(#)sys1.c 2.18 */  
#include "sys/param.h"  
#include "sys/sysm.h"  
#include "sys/user.h"  
#include "sys/userx.h"  
#include "sys/proc.h"  
#include "sys/procx.h"  
#include "sys/buf.h"  
#include "sys/bufx.h"  
#include "sys/reg.h"  
#include "sys/inode.h"  
#include "sys/inodex.h"  
#include "sys/seg.h"  
#include "sys/sysem.h"  
#include "sys/sysemx.h"  
#include "sys/vtmn.h"  
#include "sys/maus.h"  
#include "sys/version.h"  
#include "sys/elog.h"
```

```
struct execca {  
    char *fname;  
    char **argp;  
    char **envp;  
};
```

```
#define NCABLIK ((NCARGS+BSIZE-1)/BSIZE)  
#ifdef SPROF  
#include "sys/sprof.h"  
#include "sys/sprofx.h"  
extern sprofoff();  
#endif
```

```
/*  
 * exec system call.  
 */  
exec(lp)  
struct inode *ip;  
c  
    ((struct execca *)u.u_arg->envp = NULL;  
    exec(lp);  
}  
exece()  
c  
    register unsigned nc;  
    register char *cp;
```

```

register struct buf *bp;
register struct execa *uap;
int na, ne, ncp, ap, c;
unsigned bno;
struct inode *ip;
#endif
VMON
char *nptr;
char nbuf[30];
#endif

```

```

/* It is illegal for locked processes to exec
 */
if (u.u.lock != 0)
{
    u.u.error = EIOCK;
    return;
}
if ((ip = gethead()) == NULL)
    return;
bp = 0;
na = nc = ne = 0;
uap = (struct execa *)u.u.arg;
/* collect arglist
 */
if ((bno = malloc(swapmap, NCABLK)) == 0)
    panic("oswap");
panic("argp") for (;;) {
    if (uap->argp)
        ap = NULL;
    if (uap->argp) {
        ap = fuword((caddr_t)uap->argp);
        uap->argp++;
    }
    if (ap == NULL && uap->envp) {
        uap->argp = NULL;
        if ((ap = fuword((caddr_t)uap->envp)) == NULL)
            break;
        uap->envp++;
        ne++;
    }
    if (ap == NULL)
        break;
    na++;
    if (ap == -1)
        u.u.error = EFAULT;
    do {
        if (nc >= NCARGS-1)
            u.u.error = E2BIG;
        if ((c = fubyte((caddr_t)ap++)) < 0)
            u.u.error = EFAULT;
        if (u.u.error)
            goto bad;
        if ((nc&MASK) == 0) {
            if (bp)
                bwrite(bp);
            bp = getblk(swapdev, bno+(nc)>>ESHIFT);
            cp = NULL;
        }
    } while (1);
}

```



```

lput(lp);
mfree(swapmap, NCABLK, bno);
mas.m_exec++;
return;
bad:

```

```

if (bp)
    brelse(bp);
lput(lp);
for (nc = 0; nc < NCABLK; nc++) {
    bp = getblk(swapdev, bno+nc);
    bp->b_flags |= B_AGE;
    bp->b_flags &= ~B_DELMRI;
    brelse(bp);
}

```

```

mfree(swapmap, NCABLK, bno);
}

```

```

gethead()
{
    register struct inode *ip;
    register unsigned ds, ts;
    register sep;
    int saver, savmbit;
    extern int uchar();

```

```

    if ((ip = namei(uchar, 0)) == NULL)
        return(NULL);
    savmbit = u.u.mb1tm;
    saver = u.u.exdata.ux_saver;
    if (access(ip, EXEC) ||
        ((ip->l_mode & IFMT) != IFREG && (ip->l_mode & IFMT) != IFLRG) ||
        (ip->l_mode & (EXEC|EXEC>>3)|(EXEC>>6))) == 0) {
        u.u_error = EACCESS;
        goto bad;
    }
}

```

```

/*
 * read in first few bytes of file for segment sizes
 * ux_mag = 407/410/411/405
 * 407 is plain executable
 * 410 is RO text
 * 411 is separated ID
 * 405 is overlaid text
 */

```

```

u.u.base = (caddr_t)&u.u.exdata;
u.u.count = sizeof(u.u.exdata);
u.u.offset = 0;
u.u.segflg = 1;
readi(ip);
u.u.segflg = 0;
if (u.u.error)
    goto bad;
if (u.u.count!=0)
    u.u.exdata.ux_mag = 0;
sep = 0;
if (u.u.exdata.ux_mag == 0407) {
    ds = btoc((long)u.u.exdata.ux_tsize +

```

```

        (long)u.u_exdata.uk_ds_size +
        (long)u.u_exdata.uk_bs_size);
    ts = 0;
    u.u_exdata.uk_ds_size += u.u_exdata.uk_ts_size;
    u.u_exdata.uk_ts_size = 0;
} else {
    ts = btoc(u.u_exdata.uk_ts_size);
    ds = btoc(u.u_exdata.uk_ds_size+u.u_exdata.uk_bs_size);
    if ((ip->l_flags&IFEXY)==0 && ip->l_counti==1)
        u.u_error = EFIXPBSY;
    if (u.u_exdata.uk_mag == 0411)
        sep++;
    else if (u.u_exdata.uk_mag == 0405) {
        if (u.u_sep==0 && ctos(ts) != ctos(u.u_ts_size))
            u.u_error = ENOMEM;
        goto bad;
    }
    else if (u.u_exdata.uk_mag != 0410) {
        u.u_error = ENOEXFC;
        goto bad;
    }
}
switch(u.u_exdata.uk_ver) { /*check version and define default */
    case UV_DEP:
        u.u_exdata.uk_ver = UV_CBR2;
        break;
    case UV_CBR2:
    case UV_CBR3:
        break;
    default:
        u.u_error = EINVAL;
        goto bad;
}
u.u_mbltm = 0;
checkur(ts,ds,SSIZE+btoc(NCHARS-1),sep);
if(u.u_error) {
    u.u_mbltm = savmbit;
    u.u_exdata.uk_ver = saver;
    iput(ip);
    ip = NULL;
}
return(ip);
}

bad:
    u.u_mbltm = 0;
    checkur(ts,ds,SSIZE+btoc(NCHARS-1),sep);
    if(u.u_error) {
        u.u_mbltm = savmbit;
        u.u_exdata.uk_ver = saver;
        iput(ip);
        ip = NULL;
    }
    return(ip);
}

/* Read in and set up memory for executed file.
*/
getxfile(ip, nargc)
register struct inode *ip;
{
    register unsigned ds;
    register l;
    xfree();
    u.u_ts_size = btoc(u.u_exdata.uk_ts_size);

```

```
if (u.u_exdata.u_x_mag == 0405) {
```

```
  kalloc(ip);
  u.u_ar0[PC] = u.u_exdata.u_x_entloc & ~01;
```

```
} else {
```

```
  u.u_prof[3] = 0;
  u.u_ssize = SSIZE + btoc(nargc);
  u.u_dsize = btoc(u.u_exdata.u_x_dsize + u.u_exdata.u_x_bsize);
  t = USIZE+u.u_dsize+u.u_ssize;
  expand(t);
  ds = USIZE+(u.u_exdata.u_x_dsize)>>6)&01777);
  while(--t >= ds)
    clearseg(u.u_proc->p_addr+1);
```

```
  kalloc(ip);
  /* read in data segment */
  estabur((unsigned)0, u.u_dsize, (unsigned)0, 0, RO);
  u.u_base = 0;
  u.u_offset = sizeof(u.u_exdata)+u.u_exdata.u_x_tsize;
  u.u_count = u.u_exdata.u_x_dsize;
  read(ip);
  if (u.u_count!=0)
    u.u_error = EFAULT;
```

```
/* set SUID/SGID protections, if no tracing */
```

```
if ((u.u_proc->p_flags&SRG) == 0) {
  if (ip->l_mode&ISUID)
    if (u.u_uid != 0) {
      u.u_uid = ip->l_uid;
      u.u_proc->p_uid = ip->l_uid;
    }
  if (ip->l_mode&ISGID)
    u.u_gid = ip->l_gid;
```

```
} else
  psignal(u.u_proc, SIGTRC);
u.u_sep = (u.u_exdata.u_x_mag == 0411)?1:0;
```

```
}
u.u_dev = ip->l_dev;
u.u_inode = ip->l_number;
estabur(u.u_tsize, u.u_dsize, u.u_ssize, u.u_sep, RO);
```

```
/* Clear registers on exec */
setregs()
```

```
register int *rp;
register char *cp;
register t;
```

```
for(rp = &u.u_signal[0]; rp < &u.u_signal[NSIG]; rp++)
  if ((*rp & 1) == 0)
```

```
  *rp = 0;
for(cp = &regloc[0]; cp < &regloc[6];)
```

```
  u.u_ar0[*cp++] = 0;
u.u_ar0[PC] = u.u_exdata.u_x_entloc & ~01;
```

```

for(rp = &u.u.fsav[0]; rp < &u.u.fsav[25]);
    *rp++ = 0;
for(i=0; i<NOFILE; i++) {
    if ((u.u.pofile[i]&EXCLOSE) && u.u.offile[i] != NULL) {
        close(u.u.offile[i]);
        u.u.offile[i] = NULL;
    }
}

```

```

}
/* Remember file name for accounting.
 */
u.u.acflag &= ~1;
for (i=0; i<DIRSIZ; i++)
    u.u.comm[i] = u.u_dbuf[i];
}

```

```

/*
 * exit system call;
 * pass back caller's r0
 */
rexit()
{

```

```

    u.u_arg[0] = u.u_ar0[R0] << 8;
    exit();
}

```

```

/*
 * Release resources.
 * Save u. area for parent to look at.
 * Enter zombie state.
 * Wake up parent and init processes,
 * and dispose of children.
 */
exit()
{

```

```

    register int *a;
    register struct proc *p, *q;

```

```

    p = u.u_procp;
    p->p_flag = &~STRC;
    p->p_ciktim = 0;
    for(a = &u.u_signal[0]; a < &u.u_signal[NSIG];)
        *a++ = 1;
    for(a = &u.u_offile[0]; a < &u.u.offile[NOFILE]; a++)
        if (*a) {
            close(*a);
            *a = NULL;
        }
    if(u.u_msgqhdr != NULL)
        msgflush();
    semafree();
}

```

```

#ifdef SPROF
    if(u.u_procp->p_pid == sysprof.pid)
        sprofoff();
#endif

```

```
#ifdef PLOCK
IF(punlock())
{
  if(runout != 0)
  {
    runout=0;
    wakeup(&runout);
  }
}
#endif
```

```
pllock(u.u_cdir);
iput(u.u_cdir);
pllock(u.u_rdir);
iput(u.u_rdir);
xfree();
acct();
a = malloc(swapmap, 8);
q = getblk(swapdev, a);
copyio(q->b_paddr, (caddr_t)u, BSIZE, U_WKD);
bwrite(q);
mfree(coremap, p->p_size, p->p_addr);
p->p_stat = SZOMB;
p->xp_xstat = u.u_arg[0];
p->p_addr = a;
p->p_flag = a ~SLOAD;
for(q = eproc[1]; q < proccnd; q++) {
  if(q->p_ppid == p->p_pid) {
    q->p_ppid = 1;
    VPROCENT(q, PR_PPD);
    if(q->p_stat == SZOMB)
      psignal(eproc[1], SIGCLD);
    if (q->p_stat==SSTOP)
      setrun(q);
  } else if(p->p_pid == q->p_pid)
    psignal(q, SIGCLD);
}
switch();
/* no deposit, no return */
}
```

```
/* Wait system call.
* Search for a terminated (zombie) child,
* finally lay it to rest, and collect its status.
* Look also for stopped (traced) children,
* and pass back status from them.
*/
wait()
```

```
register f;
register struct proc *p;
```

```
loop:
f = 0;
```

```

for(p = aproct(0); p < proctend; p++)
  if(p->p_pid == u.u_procp->p_pid) {
    if(p->p_stat == SZOMB) {
      freeproc(p, 1);
      return;
    }
    if(p->p_stat == SSTOP) {
      if((p->p_flags & SWTED) == 0) {
        p->p_flag |= SWTED;
        VTPROCENT(p, PR_FLAG);
        u.u_ar0[R0] = p->p_pid;
        u.u_ar0[R1] = (fsig(p) << 8) | 0177;
        return;
      }
      continue;
    }
  }
  if(f) {
    sleep(u.u_procp, PWAIT);
    goto loop;
  }
  u.u_error = ECHILD;
}

/*
 * Dispose of zombie children by removing them
 * from the process table.
 */
freeproc(p, flg)
register struct proc *p;
{
  register *bp, f;

  if(flg) {
    u.u_ar0[R0] = p->p_pid;
    u.u_ar0[R1] = p->xp_kstat;
  }
  bp = abread(swapdev, f=p->p_addr);
  mfree(swapmap, 8, f);
  p->p_stat = NULL;
  p->p_pid = 0;
  p->p_pid = 0;
  p->p_pid = 0;
  p->p_sig = 0;
  p->p_pgrp = 0;
  p->p_flag = 0;
  p->v_wchan = 0;
  VTPROCENT(p, PR_CLEAR);
  p = (caddr_t)bp->d_paddr;
  u.u_stime += p->u_stime + p->u_stime;
  u.u_cutime += p->u_cutime + p->u_cutime;
  u.u_gbcont += p->u_gbcont + p->u_gbcont;
  u.u_dread += p->u_dread + p->u_dread;
  u.u_dwrite += p->u_dwrite + p->u_dwrite;
  brelse(bp);
}

```

```

}
/*
 * fork system call.
 */
fork()
{
    register struct proc *p1, *p2;
    register a;

    /*
     * Make sure there's enough swap space for max
     * core image, thus reducing chances of running out
     */
    if ((a = malloc(swapmap, ctod(MAXMEM))) == 0) {
        u.u_error = ENOMEM;
        goto out;
    }
    mfree(swapmap, ctod(MAXMEM), a);
    p1 = u.u_proc;
    for(p2 = &proc[0]; p2 < &proc[INPROC]; p2++)
        if(p2->p_stat == NULL)
            goto found;
    u.u_error = EAGAIN;
    logovfl(ELPROC);
    meas.m_povfl++;
    goto out;
}

found:
if(newproc()) {
    u.u_ar0[R0] = p1->p_pid;
    u.u_start = time;
    u.u_cstime = 0;
    u.u_stime = 0;
    u.u_cutime = 0;
    u.u_utime = 0;
    u.u_cgbcnt = 0; u.u_gbcnt = 0;
    u.u_cdread = 0; u.u_dread = 0;
    u.u_cdwrite = 0; u.u_dwrite = 0;
    u.u_msgqhdr = NULL;
    u.u_actflag = 1;
    u.u_lock = 0;
    return(0);
}
}

out:
u.u_ar0[R7] = + 2;
return(1);
}
}

/*
 * break system call.
 * -- bad planning: "break" is a dirty word in C.
 */
sbreak()

```

```
register a, n, d;  
int i;
```

```
/*  
 * set n to new data size  
 * set d to new-old  
 * set n to new total size  
 */
```

```
n = ((u.u_arg[0]+63)>>6) & 017777);  
if(!u.u_sep)  
    n =- ctos(u.u_tsize) * 128;  
if(n < 0)  
    n = 0;  
d = n - u.u_dsize;  
n =+ USIZE+u.u_ssize;  
if(estabur(u.u_tsize, u.u_dsize+d, u.u_ssize, u.u_sep, RO))  
    return;  
u.u_dsize =+ d;  
if(d > 0)  
    goto bigger;  
a = u.u_procp->p_addr + n - u.u_ssize;  
i = n;  
n = u.u_ssize;  
while(n--){  
    copyseg(a-d, a);  
    a++;  
}  
expand(1);  
return;
```

```
bigger:  
expand(n);  
a = u.u_procp->p_addr + n;  
n = u.u_ssize;  
while(n--){  
    a--;  
    copyseg(a-d, a);  
}  
while(d--)  
    clearseg(--a);  
}
```


@(#)sys2.c 2.8.1.1 */

```

#include "sys/param.h"
#include "sys/system.h"
#include "sys/user.h"
#include "sys/userx.h"
#include "sys/reg.h"
#include "sys/file.h"
#include "sys/inode.h"
#include "sys/inodex.h"
#include "sys/proc.h"
#include "sys/procx.h"
#include "sys/vtmn.h"
#include "sys/version.h"

```

```

/* read system call
 */
read()

```

```

rdwr(FREAD);

```

```

/* write system call
 */
write()

```

```

rdwr(FWRITE);

```

Common code for read and write calls:
 check permissions, set base, count, and offset,
 and switch out to readl, writel, or pipe code.

```

/*
 */
int
read(mode)
register *fp, *fp, m;
int lmt;
{
    m = mode;
    fp = getf(u, u_ar0[R0]);
    if (fp == NULL)
        return;
    if ((fp->flflags & m) == 0) {
        u_nerror = EBADF;
        return;
    }
    u_nbase = u_nargl0;
    u_ncount = u_nargl1;
    u_nsegflg = 0;
    if (fp->flflags & PIPE) {

```

```
        if(m==FRRAD)
            readp(fp);
        else
            writep(fp);
    } else {
        ip = fp->f_inode;
        if (fp->f_flags&FMP)
            u.u_offset = 0;
        else
            u.u_offset = fp->f_un.f_offset;
        fmt = ip->i_mode&IFMT;
        fnt = (fmt==IRREG || fmt==IFDIR || fmt==IFLNK || fmt==IFCHR);
        if(fmt)
            plock(ip);
        if(m==FRRAD)
            readl(ip); else
            writel(ip);
        if(fmt)
            prele(ip);
        if ((fp->f_flags&FMP) == 0)
            fp->f_un.f_offset += u.u_arg[1]-u.u_count;
    }
    u.u_arg[0] = u.u_arg[1]-u.u_count;
}

/* open system call
 */
open()
{
    register *ip;
    extern uchar;

    if(u.u_arg[0] == -1) { /* enable autoclose file descriptors */
        return;
    }
    ip = namei(uchar, 0);
    if(ip == NULL)
        return;
    u.u_arg[1]++;
    open(ip, u.u_arg[1], 0);
}

/* creat system call
 */
creat()
{
    register *ip;
    extern uchar;

    ip = namei(uchar, 1);
    if(ip == NULL) {
        if(u.u_error)
            return;
        ip = maknode(u.u_arg[1]&0777&(~ISVTX));
    }
}
```

```

        IF (fp==NULL)
            return;
        open1(fp, FWRITE, 2);
    } else
        open1(fp, FWRITE, 1);
}

/*
 * Common code for open and creat.
 * Check permissions, allocate an open file structure,
 * and call the device open routine if any.
 */
open1(fp, mode, ttrf)
int *fp;
{
    register struct file *fp;
    register *rip, m;
    int i;

    rip = fp;
    m = mode;
    IF(ttrf != 2) {
        IF(m&FREAD)
            access(rip, FREAD);
        IF(m&FWRITE) {
            access(rip, FWRITE);
            i = rip->l_mode&FMODE;
            IF(i==IFDIR || i==IFLDR)
                u_error = EISDIR;
        }
    }
}
IF(u_error)
    goto out;
IF(ttrf)
    ltrunc(rip);
pre1e(rip);
IF(((fp = falloc()) == NULL)
    goto out;
fp->f_flag = m&(FREAD|FWRITE);
fp->f_mode = rip;
i = u.u.ar0[R0];
open1(rip, m&FWRITE);
IF(u_error == 0)
    return;
u.u.ofile[i] = NULL;
fp->f_count--;
}

out;
lput(rip);
}

/*
 * close system call
 */
close()
{

```

```

register *fp;
fp = getf(u.u.ar0(r01));
if (fp == NULL)
    return;
u.u.offile(u.u.ar0(r01) = NULL;
closef(fp);
}

```

```

/* seek system call
*/
seek()
{

```

```

    register struct file *fp;
    register struct a {
        off_t off;
        int sbase;
    } *nap;
    int t;
    long n;
    int vflag;

```

```

    vflag = argadj(UV_CBR2, 1);
    fp = getf(u.u.ar0(r01));
    if (fp == NULL)
        return;
    if (fp->f_flags(FPIPE|FNPPIPE)) {
        u.u.error = EPIPE;
        return;
    }
    nap = (struct a *)u.u.arg;

```

```

    if (vflag) {
        t = u.u.arg[1];
        n = (long) u.u.arg[0];
        /* CBR2; seek(int, int, int) */

```

```

        if (t==3) {
            n <<= 9;
            n.hword a= 0777;
            t = 0;
        }
        else if (t>2) {
            n <<= 9;
            t = 3;
        }
        else if (t==0)
            n &= 0177777711;

```

```

        nap->off = n;
        nap->sbase = t;
        /* CBR2 end */

```

```

    if (nap->sbase==1)
        nap->off += fp->f_un.f_offset;
    else if (nap->sbase==2) {
        nap->off.hword += fp->f_inode->i_size0e0377;
        nap->off += fp->f_inode->i_size1;
    }

```

```

else if (uap->sbase != 0) {
    u.u_error = EINVAL;
    psignal(u.u_procp, SIGSYS);
    return;
}
fp->f.un.f_offset = uap->off;
if (vflag == 0) {
    u.u_ar0[R0] = uap->off.hiword;
    u.u_ar0[R1] = uap->off.loword;
}
}

/*
 * Tell -- discover offset of file R/W pointer
 */
tell()
{
    register struct file *fp;

    if (VERSION(UV_CBR2)) {
        u.u_error = ENOENT;
        return;
    }
    if (fp = getf(u.u_ar0[R0])) {
        u.u_ar0[R0] = fp->f.un.f_offset.hiword;
        u.u_ar0[R1] = fp->f.un.f_offset.loword;
    }
}

/*
 * link system call
 */
link()
{
    register *ip, *xp;
    extern uchar;
    register fmt;

    ip = name1(uchar, 0);
    if (ip == NULL)
        return;
    if (ip->link >= 127) {
        u.u_error = EMLINK;
        goto out;
    }
}

/*
 * Unlock to avoid possibly hanging the name1.
 * Sadly, this means races. (Suppose someone
 * deletes the file in the meantime?)
 * Nor can it be locked again later
 * because then there will be deadly
 * embraces.
 */
prele(ip);

```

```

u.u_dirp = u.u_arg[1];
xp = name1(auchar, 1);
if (xp != NULL) {
    u.u_error = EXIST;
    lput(xp);
}
if (u.u_error)
    goto out;
fmt = lp->l_mode&IFMT;
if ((fmt==IFDIR || fmt==IFDR) && u.u_dbuf[0]!='.' && !user()) {
    lput(u.u_dirp);
    goto out;
}
if (u.u_dirp->l_dev != lp->l_dev) {
    lput(u.u_dirp);
    u.u_error = EXDEV;
    goto out;
}
wdir(lp);
lp->l_nlink++;
lp->l_flag |= IUPD;
}
out:
lput(lp);
}

/*
 * mkknod system call
 */
mkknod()
{
    register *lp;
    extern uchar;

    if (suser()) {
        lp = name1(auchar, 1);
        if (lp != NULL) {
            u.u_error = EXIST;
            goto out;
        }
    }
    if (u.u_error)
        return;
    lp = maknode(u.u_arg[1]);
    if (lp==NULL)
        return;
    lp->l_mode.l_rdev = u.u_arg[2];
}
out:
lput(lp);
}

/*
 * sleep system call
 * not to be confused with the sleep internal routine.
 */

```

```

/*****
ssleep()
register struct proc *pp;

pp = u.u_proc;
spi7();
pp->p_flag |= SSLEEP;
VPROCENT(pp, PR_FLAG);
if (pp->p_ciktim = u.u_ar0[R0])
while (pp->p_ciktim)
sleep(pp, PSLEEP);
spi0();
****/
)
/* access system call
*/
success()
{
extern uchar;
register svuid, svgid;
register *ip;

svuid = u.u_uid;
svgid = u.u_gid;
u.u_uid = u.u_ruid;
u.u_gid = u.u_rgid;
ip = name1(uchar, 0);
if (ip != NULL) {
if (u.u_arg1[IREAD]>>6)
access(ip, IREAD);
if (u.u_arg1[IWRITE]>>6)
access(ip, IWRITE);
if (u.u_arg1[EXEC]>>6)
access(ip, EXEC);
iput(ip);
}
u.u_uid = svuid;
u.u_gid = svgid;
}
}
```

```
/*      @(#)sys3.c      2.10.1.1      */
#include "sys/param.h"
#include "sys/sysvm.h"
#include "sys/reg.h"
#include "sys/buf.h"
#include "sys/bufx.h"
#include "sys/filsys.h"
#include "sys/user.h"
#include "sys/userx.h"
#include "sys/inode.h"
#include "sys/inodex.h"
#include "sys/file.h"
#include "sys/flex.h"
#include "sys/conf.h"
#include "sys/stat.h"
#include "sys/lock.h"
#include "sys/verison.h"

/*
 * the fstat system call.
 */
fstat()
{
    register *fp, *lp;

    fp = getf(u.u_ar0[R0]);
    if(fp == NULL)
        return;
    lp = fp->f_inode;
    statl(lp, u.u_arg[0], fp);
}

/*
 * the stat system call.
 */
stat()
{
    register lp;
    extern uchar;

    lp = name1(uchar, 0);
    if(lp == NULL)
        return;
    statl(lp, u.u_arg[1], NULL);
    lput(lp);
}

/*
 * The basic routine for fstat and stat;
 * get the inode and pass appropriate parts back.
 */
struct stat6
```



```

}
int ol_dev;
int ol_number;
int ol_mode;
char ol_nlink;
char ol_nid;
char ol_gid;
unsigned ol_size0;
int ol_size1;
long ol_addr[8];
long ol_atime;
long ol_mtime;
}

```

```

stat1(ip, ub, fp)
register struct inode *ip;
caddr_t ub;
struct file *fp;
{

```

```

    register *rst, *rip;
    int *bp;
    int i;
    struct stat6 ods;

```

```

    if (ip->i_flag & (IACC|IUPD|ICRG))
        iupdat(ip, &time);

```

```

    /*
     * First copy Version 6 file system data.
     */

```

```

    rst = (int *) 0;
    rip = &(ip->i_dev);
    for (i=0; i<14; i++)
        *rst++ = *rip++;

```

```

    /*
     * Next copy dates from the disk
     */

```

```

    bp = bread(ip->i_dev, (int) (((long) ip->i_number + 31L) / 16));
    /* magic number 24 = 60->dl_atime */
    copyio(paddr(bp) + 32*(int) (((long)ip->i_number + 31L) * 16) + 24,
        rst, 2*sizeof(time_t), U_RKD);
    brelse(bp);

```

```

    /*
     * Now fix up pipes and named pipes
     */

```

```

    if (fp != NULL) {
        if (fp->f_flag & FPIPE) {
            fp = (%devswlmaior(ip->i_un.i_rdev)]].d_ioctl);
            (ip->i_un.i_rdev, fp->f_flag & FWRITE ? GETWFB:GETRFP);
            ip = fp->f_inode;
        }
        if (fp->f_flag & PPIPE) {
            ods.ol_size1 = fp->f_flag & FREAD ?
                ip->i_size1 - fp->f_offset.lword :
                max (0, PIPSIZ - ip->i_size1);
        }
    }

```

}
}

if (VERSION(UV_CBR3)) {
struct stat ds;

 _cstat(sods, ds);
 if (copyout((caddr_t) ds, ub, sizeof(ds)) < 0)
 u_error = EFAULT;

 } else
 if (copyout((caddr_t) sods, ub, sizeof(sods)) < 0)
 u_error = EFAULT;

}

_cstat(bp6, bp7)
register struct stat6 *bp6;
register struct stat *bp7;

union {
 long l;
 int i[2];
} u;

bp7->st_dev = bp6->ol_dev;
bp7->st_ino = bp6->ol_number;
bp7->st_mode = (bp6->ol_mode & ~IFMT);
bp7->st_rdev = bp6->ol_addr[0];
switch (bp6->ol_mode & IFMT) {

case IFREG:
 bp7->st_mode |= S_IFREG;
 bp7->st_rdev = 0;
 break;

case IFDIR:
 bp7->st_mode |= S_IFDIR;
 bp7->st_rdev = 0;
 break;

case IFCHR:
 bp7->st_mode |= S_IFCHR;
 break;

case IFBLK:
 bp7->st_mode |= S_IFBLK;
 break;

case IFMPC:
 bp7->st_mode |= S_IFMPC;
 break;

case IFMPB:
 bp7->st_mode |= S_IFMPB;
 }
 bp7->st_nlink = bp6->ol_nlink;
 bp7->st_uid = bp6->ol_uid & 0377;
 bp7->st_gid = bp6->ol_gid & 0377;
 u.i[0] = bp6->ol_size0;

```
    u.i[1] = bp6->ol_size;
    bp7->st_size = u.i;
    bp7->st_atime = bp6->ol_atime;
    bp7->st_mtime = bp6->ol_mtime;
    bp7->st_ctime = bp6->ol_mtime; /* creation time */
}

```

```
/* the dup system call.
*/
dup()
{

```

```
    register i, *fp;

    fp = getf(u.u_ar0[R0].lobyte);
    if (fp == NULL)
        return;
    i = u.u_ar0[R0].hbyte & 0377;
    if (i > NOFILE || (i = ufallloc(i)) < 0)
        return;
    u.u_ofile[i] = fp;
    fp->f_count++;
}

```

```
/* the file control system call.
*/
fcntl()
{

```

```
    register struct file *fp;
    register i;

    fp = getf(u.u_ar0[R0]);
    if (fp == NULL)
        return;
    switch(u.u_arg[0]) {
    case 0:
        i = u.u_arg[1];
        if (i < 0 || i > NOFILE || (i = ufallloc(i)) < 0)
            return;
        u.u_ofile[i] = fp;
        fp->f_count++;
        break;

```

```
    case 1:
        u.u_ar0[R0] = u.u_ofile[u.u_ar0[R0]];
        break;
    case 2:
        u.u_ofile[u.u_ar0[R0]] = u.u_arg[1]&03;
        break;

```

```
    default:
        u.u_error = EINVAL;
    }
}

```

```

/*
 * the mount system call.
 */
/*
 * the mount system call.
 */
amount()
{
    int d;
    register *ip;
    register struct mount *mp, *smp;
    extern uchar;
    int fmt;

    d = getmdev();
    if(u.u.error)
        return;
    u.u.dirp = u.u.arg[1];
    ip = name1(uchar, 0);
    if(ip == NULL)
        return;
    fmt = ip->l_mode&IFMT;
    if(ip->l_count!=1 || fmt!=IFBLK || fmt!=IFCHR || fmt!=IFMPC
        || fmt!=IFMPB)
        goto out;
    smp = NULL;
    for(smp = amount[0]; mp < amount[1]; mp++) {
        if(mp->m_bufp != NULL) {
            if(d == mp->m_dev)
                goto out;
        } else
            if(smp == NULL)
                smp = mp;
    }
    if(smp == NULL)
        goto out;
    (*bdevsw[d.d_major].d_open)(d, (u.u.arg[2]));
    if(u.u.error)
        goto out;
    mp = bread(d, 1);
    if(u.u.error) {
        /* Should really only call close here if none else has it open. */
        (*bdevsw[d.d_major].d_close) (d, 0);
        breise(mp);
        goto out;
    }
    smp->m_inodp = ip;
    smp->m_dev = d;
    if((smp->m_bufp = malloc(swapmap, 1)) == NULL)
        panic("oomswap");
    smp->m_bufp = agethlk(swapdev, smp->m_bufp);
    copyio(mp->b_paddr, (caddr_t)smp->m_bufp->b_paddr, BSIZE, U_RKD);
    breise(mp);
    mp = (caddr_t)smp->m_bufp->b_paddr;
    mp->s_lock = 0;
}

```

```

mp->s_flock = 0;
if (mp->s_ronly != 1 || u.u_arg[2] & 1)
    smp->m_flags = M_RDONLY|M_INCOR;
else
    smp->m_flags = M_INCOR;
    sntcnt++;
    ip->l_flag = 1 IMOUNT;
    prele(ip);
    if (sntcnt >= NBUF-NRBUF)
        update();
    return;
}
out:
    u.u_error = EBUSY;
    lput(ip);
}
/*
 * the amount system call.
 */
samount()
{
    int d;
    register struct inode *ip;
    register struct mount *mp;
    register blkno;

    update();
    d = getudev();
    if (u.u_error)
        return;
    for (mp = amount[0]; mp < amount[NMOUNT]; mp++)
        if (mp->m_bufp != NULL && d == mp->m_dev)
            goto found;
    u.u_error = EINVAL;
    return;
}
found:
    xflsh(d);
    for (ip = ainode[0]; ip < ainode[INODE]; ip++)
        if ((ip->l_number) == 0 && d == ip->l_dev) {
            u.u_error = EBUSY;
            return;
        }
    if (mp->m_flags & M_INCOR) {
        blkno = mp->m_bufp->b_blkno;
        brelse(mp->m_bufp);
        mp->m_bufp = blkno;
        sntcnt--;
    }
    mfree(swmap, 1, mp->m_bufp);
    (*udevswld.d_major.d_close)(d, 0);
    ip = mp->m_inodp;
    ip->l_flag = & ~IMOUNT;
    plock(ip);
}

```

```
    iput(ip);  
    mp->m_bufp = NULL;  
}
```

```
/*  
 * Common code for mount and umount.  
 * Check that the user's argument is a reasonable  
 * thing on which to mount, and return the device number if so.  
 */
```

```
getmdev()  
{  
    register *ip;  
    int d;  
    extern uchar;  
  
    if(!isuser())  
        return;  
    ip = name1(suchar, 0);  
    if(ip == NULL)  
        return(NODEV);  
    if(((ip->l_mode&IFMT) != IPBLK)  
        || u.u_error = ENOTBLK;  
    d = ip->l_un.l_rdev;  
    if(d.d_major >= nblkdev)  
        u.u_error = ENXIO;  
    if(bdevsw[d.d_major].d_tab == NULL)  
        u.u_error = ENOTBLK;  
    iput(ip);  
    return(d);  
}
```

/* @(#)sys4.c 2.18.1.2 */

/*

*/ Everything in this file is a routine implementing a system call.

```
#include "sys/param.h"
#include "sys/user.h"
#include "sys/userx.h"
#include "sys/reg.h"
#include "sys/inode.h"
#include "sys/inodeb.h"
#include "sys/system.h"
#include "sys/proc.h"
#include "sys/procx.h"
#include "sys/timeb.h"
#include "sys/vtime.h"
#include "sys/version.h"
```

```
short timezone = TIMEZONE;
short dstflag = DSTFLAG;
```

```
ptime()
{
    u.u.ar0(R0) = time.hiword;
    u.u.ar0(R1) = time.loword;
}
```

```
/*  
* New time entry-- return TOD with milliseconds, timezone,  
* DST flag  
*/
```

```
ptime()
{
    register struct a {
        struct timeb *tp;
    } *vap;
    struct timeb t;
    register unsigned ms;

    vap = (struct a *)u.u.arg;
    spl7();
    t.time = time;
    ms = lboot;
    spl0();
    while (ms >= HZ) {
        ms -= HZ;
        t.time++;
    }
    t.millitm = (1000*ms)/HZ;
    t.timezone = timezone;
    t.dstflag = dstflag;
    if (copyout((caddr_t)et, (caddr_t)vap->tp, sizeof(t)) < 0)
        u.u.error = EFAULT;
}
```

```
    }  
    stime(  
    {  
        long ntime;
```

```
        if(suser()) {  
            ntime.hiword = u.u.ar0[R0];  
            ntime.loword = u.u.ar0[R1];  
            logtchg(ntime);  
            time = ntime;  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
setuid(  
{  
    register uid;
```

```
    uid = u.u.ar0[R0].lobyte;  
    if(u.u.ruid == uid.lobyte || suser()) {  
        u.u.uid = uid;  
        u.u.prcp->p.uid = uid;  
        u.u.ruid = uid;  
    }  
}
```

```
getuid(  
{
```

```
    if(VERSION(UV_CBR2)) {  
        u.u.ar0[R0].hibyte = u.u.uid;  
        u.u.ar0[R0].lobyte = u.u.ruid;  
    } else {  
        u.u.ar0[R1] = u.u.uid & 0377;  
        u.u.ar0[R0] = u.u.ruid & 0377;  
    }  
}
```

```
setgid(  
{  
    register gid;
```

```
    gid = u.u.ar0[R0].lobyte;  
    if(u.u.rgid == gid.lobyte || suser()) {  
        u.u.gid = gid;  
        u.u.rgid = gid;  
    }  
}
```

```
getgid(  
{
```

```
    if(VERSION(UV_CBR2)) {  
        u.u.ar0[R0].hibyte = u.u.gid;  
        u.u.ar0[R0].lobyte = u.u.rgid;  
    } else {  
        u.u.ar0[R1] = u.u.gid & 0377;  
        u.u.ar0[R0] = u.u.rgid & 0377;  
    }  
}
```



```

}
getppid() /* get own and parent process id */
{

```

```

    u.u_ar0[R0] = u.u_proc->p_pid;
    u.u_ar0[R1] = u.u_proc->p_ppid;
}

```

```

sync()
{

```

```

    update();
}

```

```

nice()
{

```

```

    register n;
    n = u.u_ar0[R0];
    if(n > 20)
        n = 20;
    if(n < -1 && !user())
        n = 0;
    u.u_ar0[R0] = u.u_proc->p_nice;
    u.u_proc->p_nice = n;
}

```

```

/*
 * Unlink system call.
 * Hard to avoid races here, especially
 * in unlinking directories.
 */
unlink()
{

```

```

    register *ip, *pp;
    extern uchar;
    pp = name1(uchar, 2);
    if(pp == NULL)
        return;
}

```

```

/*
 * Check for unlink("." )
 * to avoid hanging on the lget
 */
if (pp->l_number != u.u_dev.u_ino)
    ip = lget(pp->l_dev, u.u_dev.u_ino);
else {
    ip = pp;
    ip->l_count++;
}

```

```

if(ip == NULL)
    goto out1;
if(((ip->l_mode&IFMT) == IFDIR || (ip->l_mode&IFMT) == IFIDR)
    && u.u_buf[0] != '/' && !user())

```

```
/*
 * Don't unlink a mounted file.
 */
goto out;
if (ip->l_dev != pp->l_dev) {
    u_error = EBUSY;
    goto out;
}
if (ip->l_flags&TEXT && ip->l_nlink==1) {
    u_error = ETEXTBSY;
    goto out;
}
u_uoffset.loword = - DIRSIZ+2;
u_u_base = ku_u_dent;
u_u_count = DIRSIZ+2;
u_u_dent.u_lno = 0;
write(ip);
ip->l_nlink--;
ip->l_flag |= TUPD;

out:
    iput(ip);
    iput(pp);
}

chdir()
{
    register *ip;
    extern uchar;

    ip = name1(uchar, 0);
    if (ip == NULL)
        return;
    if (((ip->l_mode&IFMT) != IFDIR && (ip->l_mode&IFMT) != IFDR) ||
        u_u_error = ENOTDIR;
        bad:
            iput(ip);
            return;
        }
    if (access(ip, EXEC))
        goto bad;
    prele(ip);
    plock(u_u_cdir);
    iput(u_u_cdir);
    u_u_cdir = ip;
}

chmod()
{
    register *ip;

    if ((ip = owner()) == NULL)
        return;
    if (u_u_nod) {
        if (u_u_gid != ip->l_gid && u_u_arg[1] & ISGID) {
```

```
u.u_error = EPERM;  
goto bad;
```

```
    }  
    u.u_arg[1] = & ~ISVTX;
```

```
    }  
    ip->l_mode = & ~07777;  
    ip->l_mode |= u.u_arg[1]&07777;  
    ip->l_flag |= IUPD;
```

```
bad:  
    lput(ip);  
}
```

```
chgown()  
{  
    register *ip, vflag;
```

```
    vflag = argadd(UV_CBR2, 1);  
    if ((ip = owner()) == NULL)
```

```
        return;  
    ip->l_uid = u.u_arg[1].lobyte;
```

```
    if (u.u_uid != 0)  
        ip->l_mode = & ~ISUID;
```

```
    if (vflag == 0)  
        schgrp(ip, u.u_arg[2].lobyte);  
    lput(ip);  
}
```

```
/* CBR2 Vestigial Change Group */  
chggrp()  
{  
    register *ip;
```

```
    if ((ip = owner()) == NULL)
```

```
        return;  
    schgrp(ip, u.u_arg[1].lobyte);  
    ip->l_flag |= IUPD;
```

```
    lput(ip);  
}
```

```
schgrp(ip, a)  
register *ip;  
char a;
```

```
    ip->l_gid = a;  
    if (u.u_uid != 0)  
        ip->l_mode &= ~ISGID;
```

```
/*  
 * Change modified date of file:  
 * time to r0-r1; sys utime; file  
 */  
utime()  
{  
    register struct inode *ip;
```

```

register vflag;
int tbuf[2];

vflag = argadj(UV_CBR2,1);
if ((!lp == owner()) == NULL)
    return;
if (vflag) /* CBR2 -- time in R0, R1 */
    tbuf[0] = u.u.ar0[R0];
    tbuf[1] = u.u.ar0[R1];
} else { /* CBR3 -- time in structure */
    if(copyin((caddr_t)(u.u.arg[1]+4), (caddr_t) tbuf, 4)) {
        u.u.error = EFAULT; /*Note: first argument ignored */
        goto out;
    }
}
}
lp->lflag |= IUPD;
lupdate(lp, tbuf);
}
}
}
}

out:
lput(lp);
}

ssig()
{
register a;
register struct proc *p;

a = u.u.arg[0];
if(a<=0 || a>=NSIG || a==SIGKILL) {
    u.u.error = EINVAL;
    return;
}
u.u.ar0[R0] = u.u.signal[a];
u.u.signal[a] = u.u.arg[1];
u.u.proc->p_sig = a ~ (1 << (a-1));
VPROCENR(u.u.proc, PR_SIG);
if(a == SIGCHD) {
    a = u.u.proc->p_pid;
    for(p = xproc[0]; p < xproc[NPROC]; p++)
        if(a == p->p_pid && p->p_stat == SZOMB)
            psignal(u.u.proc, SIGCHD);
}
}

kill()
{
register struct proc *p;
register dest, f;
int mygrp, signo;
int onefig;

f = 0;
dest = u.u.ar0[R0];
mygrp = u.u.proc->p_pggrp;
signo = u.u.arg[0];
onefig = dest > 0 && signo > 0;
if (onefig)

```

```

else
    p = Aprocf01;
for( ; p < pprocnd; p++) {
    if(p->p_stat == NULL)
        continue;
    if(oneflg && p->p_pid != dest)
        continue;
    if(dest == 0 && p->p_pgrp != mypgrp)
        continue;
    if(signo < 0) {
        if (dest == 0 || dest == -1) {
            if (p->p_pid == u.u_procp->p_pid)
                continue;
        } else if(dest != p->p_pgrp)
            continue;
    }
    if(u.u_uid != 0 && u.u_uid != p->p_uid)
        if (oneflg) {
            u.u_error = EPERM;
            return;
        } else
            continue;
    f++;
    psignal(p, signo) >= 0 ? signo : -signo);
    if (oneflg)
        break;
}
if(f == 0)
    u.u_error = ESRCH;
}

times()
{
    register *p;

    for(p = &u.u_utime; p < &u.u_utime+4; ) {
        suword(u.u_argf01, *p++);
        u.u_argf01 = + 2;
    }
}

profil()
{
    u.u_prof[0] = u.u_argf01 & ~1; /* base of sample buf */
    u.u_prof[1] = u.u_argf11; /* size of same */
    u.u_prof[2] = u.u_argf21; /* pc offset */
    u.u_prof[3] = (u.u_argf31 >> 1) & 077777; /* pc scale */
}

/* alarm clock signal
alarm()
{

```

```

register c, *p;

p = u.u_procpi;
spl7();
c = p->p_cikttim;
p->p_cikttim = u.u_ar0[R0];
spl0();
VTPROCENT(p, PR_CLOCK);
VTPROCENT(p, PR_FLAG);
u.u_ar0[R0] = c;
}

```

```

/*
 * indefinite wait.
 * no one should wakeup(u)
 */
pause()
{
register *pp;

```

```

pp = u.u_procpi;
spl7();
while(pp->p_cikttim)
sleep(u, PSLEEP);
spl0();
}

```

```

chroot()
{
register *oldroot, *ip;
extern uchar;

```

```

if(VERSION(UV_CBR2)) {
chgrp();
return;
}
/* CBR2 chgrp sys entry */

```

```

if (!user())
return;
oldroot = u.u_rdir;
u.u_rdir = rootdir;
ip = name1(uchar, 0);
if (ip == NULL)
goto bad;

```

```

if(((ip->l_mode&IFMT)!=IFDIR && (ip->l_mode&IFMT)!=IFDR) ||
u.u_error = ENOTDIR;
iput(ip);
bad:
u.u_rdir = oldroot;
return;
}

```

```

prele(ip);
plock(oldroot);
iput(oldroot);
u.u_rdir = ip;
}

```

```
#define PERM 0777 /* permission part of inode mode */  
umask(0)
```

```
register svmask;
```

```
svmask = u.umask;  
u.umask = u.u_arg[0] & PERM;  
u.u_ar0[R0] = svmask;
```

```
ultmtt()
```

```
if(argadj(UV_CBR2,2)) /* CBR2: getswitch */  
    u.u_ar0[R0] = SW->integ;  
else {  
    u.u_ar0[R0] = 0;  
    u.u_ar0[R1] = 2048;  
}
```

```
/* @(#)sys5.c 2.9.1.1 */
#
/* semaphore operations
 * setpgrp sys call
 */
#include "sys/param.h"
#include "sys/system.h"
#include "sys/reg.h"
#include "sys/user.h"
#include "sys/userx.h"
#include "sys/file.h"
#include "sys/proc.h"
#include "sys/vmm.h"
#include "sys/version.h"

#define PEVT 1

#define POSTP 0
#define BLOCK 1
#define P 2
#define V 3
#define TEST 4
#define SETSEM 5
#define LOCK 6
#define UNLOCK 7
#define TLOCK 8
#define RDSSEM 9
#define NOAVLK 10

#define SEMNOAVLK 01
#define SEMUSED 02

#define SEMTEST 78;

int semt[NEVT];

event()
{
    register int s;
    register int op;
    register int sav;

    op = u.u_arg[0];
    if (op == NOAVLK) {
        u.u_sem[0] = SEMNOAVLK;
        return;
    }
    s = u.u_arg[1];
    if (s < 0 || s >= NEVT) {
        u.u_error = EINVAL;
        return;
    }
}
```



```
#ifdef SEMATEST
}
}
#endif

switch (op) {
case P:
case V:
case TEST:
case POST:
case BLOCK:
    if (semils < 0) {
        u.error = EFUNC;
        return;
    }
    break;
case LOCK:
case TLOCK:
    if (semils > 0) {
        u.error = EFUNC;
        return;
    }
    break;
case UNLOCK:
    if (semils != -u.u_proc->p_pid) {
        u.error = EFUNC;
        return;
    }
    break;
}

switch (op) {
case V:
case POST:
    u.u_ar0[R0] = semils;
    if (++semils < 0)
        semils = 1;
    wakeup(&semils);
    return;
case P:
    while (semils==0) sleep(&semils,PEVT);
    u.u_ar0[R0] = semils;
    semils--;
    return;
case BLOCK:
    u.u_semav = semils;
    do {
        sleep(&semils,PEVT);
    } while(u.u_semav == semils);
    u.u_ar0[R0] = u.u_semav;
    return;
}
```

```
case TESTP:
    u.u.ar0[R0] = seml[s];
    if (seml[s] != 0) seml[s]--;
    return;
case SETSEM:
    sav = seml[s];
    seml[s] = u.u.ar0[R0];
    u.u.ar0[R0] = sav;
    wakeup(aseml[s]);
    return;
case LOCK:
    while((u.u.ar0[R0] = seml[s]) != 0)
        sleep(aseml[s], PEVT);
lck:
    seml[s] = -u.u.procp->p_pid;
    u.u.semflg |= SEMUSHD;
    return;
case TLOCK:
    if((u.u.ar0[R0] = seml[s]) != 0)
        return;
    goto lck;
case UNLOCK:
    u.u.ar0[R0] = seml[s];
    seml[s] = 0;
    wakeup(aseml[s]);
    return;
case RDSM:
    u.u.ar0[R0] = seml[s];
    return;
}
u.u.error=ENOENT;
}
semafree()
{
    register t, pid, flgs;
    flgs = u.u.semflg;
    u.u.semflg = 0;
    if ((flgs&SEMUSED)==0 || (flgs&SEMNOAUIK)!=0)
        return;
    pid = -u.u.procp->p_pid;
    for(i=0; i<NEVT; i++)
        if (seml[i] == pid) {
            seml[i] = 0;
            wakeup(aseml[i]);
        }
}
setpgrip()
{
    register oldgrp;
    register newgrp;
    oldgrp = u.u.procp->p_pgrip;
    if(newgrp = u.u.ar0[R0]) {
```

```

    if (newgrp == -1)
        u.u_proc->p_pggrp = 0 ;
    else
        u.u_proc->p_pggrp = newgrp;
    VPROCENT(u.u_proc, PR_GROUP);
}
u.u_ar0[R01] = oldgrp;
}

/* Adjust arguments by narg if a.out version matches spec */
/* and system call is direct
argadj(version,narg);
register version, narg;
{
    register flag;
    if((flag = VERSION(version)) && (u.u_indflag == 0))
        u.u_ar0[R71] -= (narg << 1);
    return(flag);
}
}
```

```

/*      @(#)syscb.c      2.11      */
#include "sys/param.h"
#include "sys/proc.h"
#include "sys/prock.h"
#include "sys/text.h"
#include "sys/text.h"
#include "sys/seg.h"
#include "sys/system.h"
#include "sys/syserr.h"
#include "sys/user.h"
#include "sys/user.h"
#include "sys/user.h"
#include "sys/lock.h"
#include "sys/lock.h"
#include "sys/sprof.h"
#include "sys/sprof.h"
#include "sys/version.h"

```

```

#define CB_GEMU      0
#define CB_CSW      1
#define CB_REBOOT   2
#define CB_LOCK     3
#define CB_SPROF    4

```

```

int  rebunit; /* device and unit spec for DEC YC ROM */
char rebstr[14]; /* file name to reboot terminated by newline */

```

```
syscb()
{
```

```
    switch(u.u_ar0[R1]) {
```

```
        case CB_GEMU:
```

```
            register cnt, offset;
```

```
            offset = u.u_ar0[R0];
```

```
            cnt = u.u_arg[1];
```

```
            if(cnt+offset > USIZE*64)
```

```
                u.u_ar0[R0] = 0;
```

```
            else if(copyout((caddr_t)0, u.u_arg[0], cnt) == -1)
```

```
                u.u_error = EFAULT;
```

```
            else
```

```
                u.u_ar0[R0] = cnt;
```

```
        }
```

```
        case CB_CSW:
```

```
            u.u_ar0[R0] = SW->integ;
```

```
            return;
```

```
    }
```

```
case CB_REBOOT:
    register char *p;
    register int c;
    if(!user())
        return;
    rebuilt = u.u_ar0[R0];
    p = rebstr;
    while((c = uchar()) != -1) {
        *p++ = c;
        if(c == '\n')
            reboot();
        if(p == &rebstr[rebstroff(rebstr)])
            break;
    }
    return;
}

#endif PTLOCK
case CB_LOCK:
    lock();
    return;
#endif

#endif SPROF
case CB_SPROF:
    sprofil();
    return;
#endif

default:
    u.u_error = EINVAL;
    return;
}

#endif PTLOCK
#endif PTLOCK
lock()
{
    if(!user())
        return;
    switch(u.u_arg[0])
    {
        case TXTLOCK:
            if((u.u_locks(PROCLOCK|TXTLOCK)) || textlock() == 0)
                goto bad;
            break;
        case PROCLOCK:
            if(u.u_locks(PROCLOCK|TXTLOCK))
                goto bad;
            textlock();
            proclock();
            break;
        case PUNLOCK:
    
```

```

        if(punlock() == 0)
            goto bad;
        break;
    case YUNLOCK:
        if((u.u_lock&PROCLOCK) || tunlock() == 0)
            break;
        goto bad;
    }
    if(runout)
    {
        runout = 0;
        wakeup(&runout);
    }
    sleep(&runlock, -1);
    return;
bad:
    u.u_error = EBLOCK;
}
textlock()
{
    struct text *xp;

    if((xp=u.u_procp->p_textp) == NULL )
        return(0);
    u.u_lock = 1 TEXTLOCK;
    if(xp->x_lcount++ == 0)
    {
        /* bump runlock to notify sched to shuffle core next pass */
        runlock++;
        xp->x_lcount++;
    }
    return(1);
}
tunlock()
{
    struct text *xp;

    if((xp=u.u_procp->p_textp) == NULL || (u.u_lock&TEXTLOCK)==0)
        return(0);
    u.u_lock = &~TEXTLOCK;
    if(--(xp->x_lcount) == 0)
    {
        xocdec(xp);
        /* bump runlock to notify sched to shuffle core next pass */
        runlock++;
    }
    return(1);
}
proclock()
{
    u.u_procp->p_flag = 1 SSYS;
    u.u_lock = 1 PROCLOCK;
    runlock++;
}
}

```

```

runlock()
{
    if((u.u_locks(PROCLOCK|TEXTLOCK)) == 0)
        return(0);
    u.u_procop->p_flag = &~SSYS;
    u.u_lock = &~PROCLOCK;
    runlock();
    runlock++;
    return(1);
}
#endif

```

```

#define SPROF 077
#define BIKMSK 0077400
#define PIF 0077400

```

```

struct sysprof sysprof = (NULL, NULL, 0,0,0,0,0);
sprofil ( )

```

```

/*
 * In R0: address of counters area (SPCNT struct)
 * argl0: number of system routines (r option)
 *      number of intervals (l option)
 * argl1: lowpc for l option (word, not byte address)
 * argl2: interval size for l option (number of words)
 *      0 for r option
 */

```

Notice that argl2] is the flag that determines if the r or l option is being used.
R0==0 implies that system profiling is to be turned off

```

register unsigned int b;
register struct sysprof *tp;
int blockno;
int s2SPCNT;

```

```

tp = esysprof;
if(b=u.u_ar0[R0]) {
    /*
     * kernel D-space register 5 will be
     * used to access the SPCNT structure
     * in the clock routine.
     * it should point to the beginning of the
     * block where the SPCNT struct starts
     */
    if (tp->pid) {
        u.u_error = EBUSY;
        return;
    }
}

```

```

tp->base = 0120000 | (b & BIKMSK);
tp->numcnts = u.u_arg[0];
tp->lowpc = u.u_arg[1];
tp->intsize = u.u_arg[2];

```

```

/* see if table too big */
szSPCNT = sizeof(tp->base->b_uhbits) +
sizeof(tp->base->b_sybits) +
sizeof(tp->base->b_idbits) + tp->numcnts *
(tp->intsize ? sizeof(spent_t) : sizeof(struct NHIT));
if ((szSPCNT > 8192 - (b & BIKMSK)) ||
    (tp->numcnts == 0) ||
    ((caddr_t)tp->base & 01) ) {
    u.u_error = EINVAL;
    return;
}

```

```

blockno = (b)>>6; /* block number in (user) page */

```

```

/* get relative number of last block in SPCNT */
szSPCNT = (((b & BIKMSK) + szSPCNT) >> 6) & 0177;

```

```

b = (b)>>13) & 07; /* get (user) page number */

```

```

/* point to block in page where SPCNT
 * starts
 */

```

```

u.u_procp->p_flag |= SLOCK; /* lock the data in memory */
tp->newpg.par = UDSA->r[b] + blockno;
tp->newpg.pdr = (UUSD->r[b] & ~PLF) | (szSPCNT << 8);
tp->pid = u.u_procp->p_pid;

```

```

#endif IPROFCLK

```

```

KW1IK->kw1ikb = -150; /* interrupt every 66.6th of a sec */
KW1IK->kw1iks = 0507; /* start independent prof k clock */

```

```

#else
#endif IPROFCLB

```

```

*TCU100 = TCURATE; /* interrupt a little over 60 times/sec

```

```

/* start indep battery TCU-100 clk */

```

```

#endif

```

```

) else {
    sprofoff();
}

```

```

u.u_arg[0] = 0;
}

```

```

}

```

```

sprofoff()
{

```

```

/*

```

```

clock will stop profiling when pid

```


* is set to zero
*/

```
#ifdef IPRPROGK  
    KWI1K->kw11ks = 0; /* turn off profiling clock */  
#else  
#ifdef IPRPROGIB  
    *PCU100 = 0; /* turn off prof battery clock */  
#endif  
#endif
```

```
sysprof_pid = 0;  
n.u._procp->p_flag = & ~SLOCK;
```

```
}  
#endif
```

/* @(#)sysent.c 2.12 */

#include "sys/param.h"

/* This table is the switch used to transfer
* to the appropriate routine for processing a system call.
* Each row contains the number of arguments expected
* and a pointer to the routine.
*/

#include "sys/maus.h"

extern nullsys(), ncsys();
extern rexit(), fork(), read(), write(), open(), close(), wait();
extern creat(), link(), unlink(), exec(), chdir(), getime(), mktime(), chmod();
extern exece();
extern chown(), sbreak(), stat(), seek(), getpid(), smount(), smount();
extern setuid(), getuid(), stime(), ptrace(), alarm(), fstat(), pause();
extern utime(), stty(), gtty(), saccess(), nice(), sync(), kill();
extern ulimit(), setpgp(), tell(), dup(), pipe(), times(), profil();
extern setgid(), getgid(), ssig(), messag(), sysacct();
extern utssys();
extern fcntl();
extern ftime();
extern local();
extern mpchan();

#ifdef MAKEPMUS
extern maus();
#endif

int sysent[]
{
0, anullsys, /* 0 = indir */
0, arexit, /* 1 = exit */
0, afork, /* 2 = fork */
2, aread, /* 3 = read */
2, awrite, /* 4 = write */
2, aopen, /* 5 = open */
0, aclose, /* 6 = close */
0, await, /* 7 = wait */
2, aexec, /* 8 = exec */
1, aunlink, /* 9 = unlink */
1, aunlink, /* 10 = unlink */
2, aexec, /* 11 = exec */
1, achdir, /* 12 = chdir */
0, agetime, /* 13 = time */
3, amktime, /* 14 = mktime */
2, amktime, /* 15 = clock */
3, achown, /* 16 = chown */
1, asbbreak, /* 17 = brk */
2, astat, /* 18 = stat */
}

```

3, eseek, /* 19 = seek */
0, egetpid, /* 20 = getpid */
3, esmount, /* 21 = mount */
1, esumount, /* 22 = umount */
0, esetuid, /* 23 = setuid */
0, kgetuid, /* 24 = getuid */
0, kstime, /* 25 = stime */
3, ptrace, /* 26 = ptrace */
0, kalarm, /* 27 = alarm */
1, kfstat, /* 28 = fstat */
0, kpause, /* 29 = pause */
2, kuptime, /* 30 = uptime */
1, kstty, /* 31 = stty */
1, kgtty, /* 32 = gtty */
2, esaccess, /* 33 = access */
0, knice, /* 34 = nice */
1, kitime, /* 35 = time; formerly sleep */
0, ksync, /* 36 = sync */
1, kkill, /* 37 = kill */
2, klimit, /* 38 = limit */
0, ksetprp, /* 39 = setprp */
0, ktell, /* 40 = tell */
0, kdup, /* 41 = dup */
0, kpipe, /* 42 = pipe */
1, ktimes, /* 43 = times */
4, kprofil, /* 44 = prof */
3, ksyscb, /* 45 = syscb (thru on research) */
0, ksetgid, /* 46 = setgid */
2, ksig, /* 47 = sig */
4, kmessag, /* 48 = message */
0, kmosys, /* 49 = x (formerly serrlog) */
1, ksysacct, /* 50 = x (formerly serrlog) */
0, kmosys, /* 51 = turn acct off/on */
0, kmosys, /* 52 = x */
3, kioctl, /* 53 = ioctl */
0, kmosys, /* 54 = x */
0, kmosys, /* 55 = x */
2, kmpxchan, /* 56 = crd mpx comm channel */
1, kmbetas, /* 57 = mbetas */
1, kmaus, /* 58 = set up MBUS segment reg */
0, kmosys, /* 59 = maus */
3, kexec, /* 60 = exec */
1, kumask, /* 61 = umask */
2, kchroot, /* 62 = chroot */
2, kfcntl, /* 63 = fcntl */
2, kevent, /* 64 = event */

```

```

/*
** Dummy entry for illegal system calls
*/

```

int badent[] {
0, knosys
},

```
/*      @(#)sysent.tu.c 2.1      */
/*      Based on sysent.c      2.11      */
```

```
#include "sys/param.h"
/* This table is the switch used to transfer
 * to the appropriate routine for processing a system call.
 * Each row contains the number of arguments expected
 * and a pointer to the routine.
 */
```

```
extern nullsys(), nosys();
extern read(), fork(), read(), write(), open(), close(), wait();
extern creat(), link(), unlink(), exec(), chdir(), getime(), mknod(), chmod();
extern exece();
extern chown(), sbreak(), stat(), seek(), getpid(), smount();
extern setuid(), getuid(), stime(), ptrace(), alarm(), fstat(), pause();
extern utime(), stty(), gtty(), saccess(), nice(), sync(), kill();
extern ulimit(), setpgid(), teletype(), dup(), pipe(), times(), profil();
extern setgid(), getgid(), sigid(), msgid(), sysacct();
extern sysch(), chroot(), umask(), event();
extern fcntl();
extern ftime();
extern ioctl();
```

```
int sysent[] =
[
0, nullsys, /* 0 = lndir */
0, rexit, /* 1 = exit */
0, fork, /* 2 = fork */
2, read, /* 3 = read */
2, write, /* 4 = write */
2, open, /* 5 = open */
0, close, /* 6 = close */
0, wait, /* 7 = wait */
2, creat, /* 8 = creat */
2, link, /* 9 = link */
1, unlink, /* 10 = unlink */
2, exec, /* 11 = exec */
1, chdir, /* 12 = chdir */
0, getime, /* 13 = time */
3, mknod, /* 14 = mknod */
2, chnod, /* 15 = chnod */
3, chown, /* 16 = chown */
1, sbreak, /* 17 = brk */
2, stat, /* 18 = stat */
3, seek, /* 19 = seek */
0, getpid, /* 20 = getpid */
3, smount, /* 21 = mount */
1, smount, /* 22 = vmount */
0, setuid, /* 23 = setuid */
```

```

0, getuid,
0, stime,
3, ptrace,
0, alarm,
1, fstat,
0, pause,
2, utime,
1, stty,
1, gtty,
2, saccess,
0, nice,
1, ftme,
0, sync,
1, kill,
2, ulimit,
0, setpgpr,
0, tell,
0, dup,
0, pipe,
1, times,
4, profil,
3, syscb,

0, setgid,
0, getgid,
2, sig,
0, nosys,
0, nosys,
0, nosys,
0, nosys,
0, nosys,
3, loctl,
0, nosys,
0, nosys,
0, nosys,
0, nosys,
3, exece,
1, umask,
2, chroot,
2, fcntl,
2, event

```

```

/* 24 = getuid */
/* 25 = stime */
/* 26 = ptrace */
/* 27 = alarm */
/* 28 = fstat */
/* 29 = pause */
/* 30 = utime */
/* 31 = stty */
/* 32 = gtty */
/* 33 = saccess */
/* 34 = nice */
/* 35 = ftme; formerly sleep */
/* 36 = sync */
/* 37 = kill */
/* 38 = ulimit */
/* 39 = setpgpr */
/* 40 = tell */
/* 41 = dup */
/* 42 = pipe */
/* 43 = times */
/* 44 = profil */
/* 45 = syscb (tin on research) */
/* (getu, getsw, reboot, lock, sprofill) */
/* 46 = setgid */
/* 47 = getgid */
/* 48 = sig */
/* 49 = message */
/* 50 = x (formerly serilog) */
/* 51 = turn acct off/on */
/* 52 = x */
/* 53 = smux */
/* 54 = loctl */
/* 55 = x */
/* 56 = create mpx comm channel */
/* 57 = x (was ccall) */
/* 58 = rans */
/* 59 = exece */
/* 60 = umask */
/* 61 = chroot */
/* 62 = fcntl */
/* 63 = event */

```

/* Dummy entry for illegal system calls

```

int badent[] = {
0, nosys
};

```

```
/*      @(#)sysent.util.      2.1      */
/*      Based on sysent.c      2.11      */
```

```
#include "sys/param.h"
```

```
/* This table is the switch used to transfer
 * to the appropriate routine for processing a system call.
 * Each row contains the number of arguments expected
 * and a pointer to the routine.
 */
```

```
extern nullsys(), nosys();
extern creat(), fork(), read(), write(), open(), close(), wait();
extern exece(), link(), unlink(), exec(), chdir(), getime(), mknod(), chmod();
extern chown(), sbreak(), stat(), seek(), getpid(), smount();
extern setuid(), getuid(), stime(), ptrace(), alarm(), fstat(), pause();
extern utime(), stty(), gtty(), saccess(), nice(), sync(), kill();
extern ulimit(), setprgpr(), tell(), dup(), pipe(), times(), profil();
extern setgid(), getgid(), ssignal(), msgctl(), sysacct();
extern sysctl(), chroot(), umask(), event();
extern fcntl();
extern ftime();
extern ioctl();
```

```
int sysent[] =
/* 0 = indir */
/* 1 = exit */
/* 2 = fork */
/* 3 = read */
/* 4 = write */
/* 5 = open */
/* 6 = close */
/* 7 = wait */
/* 8 = creat */
/* 9 = unlink */
/* 10 = mknod */
/* 11 = exec */
/* 12 = chdir */
/* 13 = time */
/* 14 = mknod */
/* 15 = chmod */
/* 16 = chown */
/* 17 = sbreak */
/* 18 = stat */
/* 19 = seek */
/* 20 = getpid */
/* 21 = mount */
/* 22 = umount */
/* 23 = setuid */
```

```

0, getuid, /* 24 = getuid */
0, stime, /* 25 = stime */
3, ptrace, /* 26 = ptrace */
0, alarm, /* 27 = alarm */
1, fstat, /* 28 = fstat */
0, pause, /* 29 = pause */
2, utime, /* 30 = utime */
1, stty, /* 31 = stty */
1, gtty, /* 32 = gtty */
2, saccesss, /* 33 = access */
0, nice, /* 34 = nice */
1, ftime, /* 35 = ftime; formerly sleep */
0, sync, /* 36 = sync */
1, kill, /* 37 = kill */
2, ulimit, /* 38 = ulimit */
0, setpgpr, /* 39 = setpgpr */
0, tell, /* 40 = tell */
0, dup, /* 41 = dup */
0, pipe, /* 42 = pipe */
1, times, /* 43 = times */
4, profil, /* 44 = prof */
3, sysch, /* 45 = sysch (tin on research) */
/* (getu,getsw,rebout,lock,sprofil) */
0, setgid, /* 46 = setgid */
2, ssig, /* 47 = getgid */
0, kosys, /* 48 = sig */
0, nosys, /* 49 = message */
0, nosys, /* 50 = x (formerly serilog) */
0, nosys, /* 51 = turn lock off/on */
0, nosys, /* 52 = x */
0, nosys, /* 53 = smut */
3, locfl, /* 54 = locfl */
0, nosys, /* 55 = x */
0, nosys, /* 56 = growth mpx comm channel */
0, nosys, /* 57 = x (VLS scall) */
0, nosys, /* 58 = mats */
3, exece, /* 59 = exece */
1, umask, /* 60 = umask */
2, chroot, /* 61 = chroot */
2, fcntl, /* 62 = fcntl */
2, event, /* 63 = event */

```

```

/*
 * Dummy entry for illegal system calls
 */

```

```

int badentfl = (
0, nosys
);

```



```

/*      @(#)text.c      2.7      */

#
#include "sys/param.h"
#include "sys/system.h"
#include "sys/user.h"
#include "sys/userx.h"
#include "sys/proc.h"
#include "sys/text.h"
#include "sys/inode.h"
#include "sys/inodex.h"
#include "sys/buf.h"
#include "sys/bufx.h"
#include "sys/seg.h"
#include "sys/sysemx.h"
#include "sys/sysemx.h"
#include "sys/vmm.h"
#include "sys/elog.h"

char *cooswap "out of swap space";

/*
 * Swap out process p.  Its core to be freed--
 * It may be off when called to create an image for a
 * child process in newproc.
 * Os is the old size of the data area of the process,
 * and is supplied during core expansion swaps.
 *
 * panic: out of swap space
 */
xswap(p, ff, os)
int *p;
{
    register *rp, a;

    rp = p;
    if(cs == 0)
        os = rp->p_size;
    a = malloc(swapmap, ctod(rp->p_size));
    if(a == NULL)
        panic(cooswap);
    rp->p_flag |= SLOCK;
    VMKERNEL(rp, PR_FLAG);
    xcore(rp->p_textp);
    swap(a, rp->p_addr, os, BWRITE);
    if(ff)
        mixe(coremap, os, rp->p_addr);
    rp->p_addr = a;
    rp->p_flag |= SIGADISLOCK;
    rp->p_vflag = 0;
    VMKERNEL(rp, PR_SWP);
    if(runout) {
        runout = 0;
    }
}

```

```

    }
    wakeup(&runout);
}

/* Flush out any inactive saved text for device dev.
 * NODEV => all inactive saved text.
 */
xfish(dev)
register int dev;
{
    register struct inode *ip;
    register struct text *xp;
    int count;

    count = 0;
    for(xp=text; xp<&text[TEXT]; xp++) {
        if((ip = xp->x_lptr) == NULL || xp->x_count != 0)
            continue;
        if(dev != NODEV && dev != ip->l_dev)
            continue;
        xp->x_lptr = NULL;
        mfree(swapmap, ctod(xp->x_size), xp->x_daddr);
        ip->l_flag = &~TEXT;
        if(ip->l_flag&TILOCK)
            ip->l_count--;
        else
            iput(ip);
        count++;
    }
    return(count);
}

/* relinquish use of the shared text segment
 * of a process.
 */
xfree()
{
    register struct text *xp;
    register struct inode *ip;

    if((xp=u.u_proc->p_textp) == NULL)
        return;
    xlock(xp);
    xp->x_flag = &~XLOCK;
    u.u_proc->p_textp = NULL;
    ip = xp->x_lptr;
    if(--xp->x_count==0 && (ip->l_mode&ISVTX)==0) {
        xp->x_lptr = NULL;
        mfree(swapmap, ctod(xp->x_size), xp->x_daddr);
        mfree(coremap, xp->x_size, xp->x_caddr);
        ip->l_flag = &~TEXT;
        if(ip->l_flag&TILOCK)
            ip->l_count--;
        else
            ip->l_count--;
    }
}

```

```

    } else
        kccdec(xp);
    }

    /* Attach to a shared text segment.
     * If there is no shared text, just return.
     * If there is, hook up to it:
     * If it is not currently being used, it has to be read
     * in from the inode (ip); the written bit is set to force it
     * to be written out as appropriate.
     * If it is being used, but is not currently in core,
     * a swap has to be done to get it back.
     */
    xalloc(ip)
    int *ip;

    register struct text *xp;
    register *rp, *rs;

    if(u.u.exdata.uv_tsize == 0)
        return;
    rp = NULL;

loop:
    for (xp = atext[0]; xp < atext[NTEXT]; xp++) {
        if(xp->x_lptr == NULL) {
            if(rp == NULL)
                rp = xp;
            continue;
        }
        if(xp->x_lptr == ip) {
            xlock(xp);
            xp->x_count++;
            u.u.procp->p_textp = xp;
            if (xp->x_count == 0)
                xexpand(xp);
            else
                xp->x_count++;
            xunlock(xp);
            return;
        }
    }
    if((xp=rp) == NULL) {
        if(xflush(NODEV))
            goto loop;
        meas.m_tovfl++;
        logovfl(ER_FXFO);
        printf("out of text");
        psignal(u.u.procp, SIGKIL);
        return;
    }
    xp->x_flag = XLOAD|XLOCK;
    xp->x_count = 1;
    xp->x_count = 0;
    xp->x_count = 0;
}

```

```

xp->x_lptr = rp = 1p;
xp->x_flag = 1 ITEXT;
rp->l_count++;
ts = ((u.u_ekdata.uk_tsize+63)>>6) & 01777;
xp->x_size = ts;
if((xp->x_daddr = malloc(swapsmap, ctod(ts))) == NULL)
    panic(ooswap);
u.u_proc->p_textp = xp;
xexpand(xp);
estabur(ts, 0, 0, 0, RW);
u.u_count = u.u_ekdata.uk_tsize;
u.u_offset = 020;
u.u_base = 0;
u.u_segflg = 2;
u.u_proc->p_flag = 1 SLOCK;
VPROCENT(u.u_proc, PR_FLAG);
readl(rp);
u.u_proc->p_flag = & ~SLOCK;
VPROCENT(u.u_proc, PR_FLAG);
u.u_segflg = 0;
xp->x_flag = XWRIT;
}

```

```

/* Assure core for text segment
** text must be locked to keep someone else from
** freeing it in the meantime.
** x_count must be 0.
*/

```

```

xexpand(xp)
struct text *xp;
register struct text *xp;

xp = xpi;
if ((xp->x_caddr = malloc(coremap, xp->x_size)) != NULL) {
    if ((xp->x_flag&XLOAD) == 0)
        swap(xp->x_daddr, xp->x_caddr, xp->x_size, B_READ);
    xp->x_count++;
    xunlock(xp);
    return;
}
savu(u.u_rsav);
savu(u.u_ssav);
xswap(u.u_proc, 1, 0);
xunlock(xp);
u.u_proc->p_flag = 1 SSWAP;
qswtch();
/* no return */
}

```

```

/* Lock and unlock a text segment from swapping
*/
xlock(xp)
{

```

```

register struct text *xp;

xp = axp;
while(xp->x_flag&XLOCK) {
    xp->x_flag = !XWANT;
    sleep(xp, P5WP);
}
xp->x_flag = !XLOCK;
}

xunlock(axp)
{
    register struct text *xp;

    xp = axp;
    if (xp->x_flag&XWANT)
        wakeup(xp);
    xp->x_flag = &~(XLOCK|XWANT);
}

/*
 * Decrement the in-core usage count of a shared text segment.
 * When it drops to zero, free the core space.
 */
kccdec(axp)
struct text *axp;
{
    register struct text *xp;

    if ((xp = axp) == NULL || xp->x_ccount == 0)
        return;
    xlock(xp);
    if (--xp->x_ccount == 0) {
        if (xp->x_flag&XWRIT) {
            xp->x_flag = &~XWRIT;
            swap(xp->x_daddr, xp->x_caddr, xp->x_size, B_WRITE);
        }
        mfree(coremap, xp->x_size, xp->x_caddr);
    }
    xunlock(xp);
}

xswapi(axp)
struct text *axp;
{
    register struct text *xp;
    register x;

    xp = axp;
    xlock(xp);
    if (xp->x_ccount == 0) {
        if ((x = malloc(coremap, xp->x_size)) == NULL) {
            xunlock(xp);
            return(0);
        }
        xp->x_caddr = x;
        if ((xp->x_flag&XLOAD) == 0)

```

```
    } swap(xp->x_daddr,x,xp->x_size,B_READ);  
    xp->x_count++;  
    xunlock(xp);  
}
```

/* @(#)trap.c 2.6 */

```
#
#include "sys/param.h"
#include "sys/system.h"
#include "sys/user.h"
#include "sys/userx.h"
#include "sys/proc.h"
#include "sys/procx.h"
#include "sys/reg.h"
#include "sys/seg.h"
#include "sys/vmm.h"
```

```
#define EBIT 1 /* user error bit in PS: C-bit */
#define UMODE 0170000 /* user-mode bits in PS word */
#define SETD 0170011 /* SETD instruction */
#define SYS 0104400 /* sys (trap) instruction */
#define USER 020 /* user-mode flag added to dev */
#define MEMORY 0177740 /* 11/70 "memory" subsystem */
#define NSYSSEMT 64 /* number of syscall entries */
```

/* structure of the system entry table (sysent.c)

```
struct sysent {
    int count; /* argument count */
    int (*call)(); /* name of handler */
} sysent[NSYSSEMT];
```

/* Dummy entry for illegal system calls

```
struct sysent badent[1];
```

/* Offsets of the user's registers relative to the saved r0. See reg.h

```
char regloct[9]
R0, R1, R2, R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, RPS
};
```

/* Called from 140.s or 145.s when a processor trap occurs. The arguments are the words saved on the system stack by the hardware and software during the trap processing. Their order is dictated by the hardware and the details of C's calling sequence. They are peculiar in that this call is not 'by value' and changed user registers get copied back on return.

/* dev is the kind of trap that occurred.

```
trap(dev, sp, r1, nps, r0, pc, ps)
```

```

register i, a;
register struct sysent *calip;

savep();
if ((pswMODE) == UMODE)
    dev = 1 USER;
u.u_ar0 = &r0;
switch(dev) {

/*
 * Trap not expected.
 * Usually a kernel mode bus error.
 * The numbers printed are used to
 * find the hardware PS/PC as follows.
 * (all numbers in octal 18 bits)
 * address_of_saved_ps =
 *     (ka6*0100) + aps - 0140000;
 * address_of_saved_pc =
 *     address_of_saved_ps - 2;
 */
default:
    printf("ka6 = %o\n", *ka6);
    printf("aps = %o\n", &ps);
    printf("trap type %o\n", dev);
    panic("trap");
}

case 0+USER: /* bus error */
    l = SIGBUS;
    break;

/*
 * If illegal instructions are not
 * being caught and the offending instruction
 * is a SETD, the trap is ignored.
 * This is because C produces a SETD at
 * the beginning of every program which
 * will trap on CPUs without 11/45 FPU.
 */
case 1+USER: /* illegal instruction */
    if(futword(pc-2) == SETD && u.u_signals[SIGINS] == 0)
        goto out;
    l = SIGINS;
    break;

case 2+USER: /* bpt or trace */
    l = SIGTRC;
    break;

case 3+USER: /* lot */
    l = SIGIOT;
    break;

case 5+USER: /* emt */
    l = SIGEMT;
    break;

```



```

case 6+USER: /* sys call */
    u.u.error = 0;
    ps = &~EBIT;
    if((i=fulword(pc-2)&0377) < NSYSENT)
        callp = esysent[i];
    else
        callp = badent;
    if (u.u.indfig = (callp == sysent)) ( /* indirect */
        a = fulword(pc);
        pc = + 2;
        i = fulword(a);
        if((i&~0377) != SYS | (i & 0377) >= NSYSENT)
            callp = badent; /* illegal */
        else
            callp = esysent[i];
        for(i=0; i<callp->count; i++)
            u.u.arg[i] = fulword(a = + 2);
    ) else {
        for(i=0; i<callp->count; i++) {
            u.u.arg[i] = fulword(pc);
            pc = + 2;
        }
    }
    u.u.dirp = u.u.arg[0];
    trapl(callp->call);
    if(u.u.indfig)
        u.u.error = EINTR;
    if(u.u.error < 100) {
        if(u.u.error) {
            ps = ! EBIT;
            r0 = u.u.error;
        }
        goto out;
    }
    i = SIGSYS;
    break;
}

/*
 * Since the floating exception is an
 * imprecise trap, a user generated
 * trap may actually come from kernel
 * mode. In this case, a signal is sent
 * to the current process to be picked
 * up later.
 */
case 8: /* floating exception */
    psignal(u.u.procp, SIGFPP);
    return;
case 8+USER:
    i = SIGFPP;
    break;
}

/*
 * If the user SP is below the stack segment,

```

```

/* grow the stack automatically.
 * This relies on the ability of the hardware
 * to restart a half executed instruction.
 * On the 11/40 this is not the case and
 * the routine backup/140.s may fail.
 * The classic example is on the instruction
 *   cmp      -(sp), -(sp)
 */
case 9+USER: /* segmentation exception */
    a = sp;
    if(backup(u.u_ar0) == 0)
        if(grow(a))
            goto out;
    l = SIGSEGV;
    break;

/* The code here is a half-hearted
 * attempt to do something with all
 * of the 11/70 parity registers.
 * In fact, there is little that
 * can be done.
 */
case 10:
case 10+USER:
    printf("parity\n");
    if(cputype == 70) {
        logparity(MEMORY);
        for(i=0; i<4; i++)
            printf("%o ", MEMORY->r11[i]);
        printf("\n");
        MEMORY->r12[i] = -1;
        if(dev & USER) {
            l = SIGBUS;
            break;
        }
    }
    panic("parity");
}
psignal(u.u_procp, l);
}

out:
curpri = setpri(u.u_procp);
if(curpri > nextpri)
    qswtch();
if(!ssig())
    psig();
}

/* Call the system-entry routine f (out of the
 * syent table). This is a subroutine for trap, and
 * not in-line, because if a signal occurs
 * during proces sig, an (abnormal) return is simulated from
 * the last callee to savn(qsav); if this took place

```

```

* Inside of trap, it wouldn't have a chance to clean up.
* If this occurs, the return takes place without
* clearing u_intflg; if it's still set, trap
* marks an error which means that a system
* call (like read on a typewriter) got interrupted
* by a signal.
*/
trapl(F)
int (*f)();
{
    u_intflg = 1;
    savu(u._qsav);
    (*f)();
    u_intflg = 0;
}
/*
* Catch stray interrupts by using trace feature
stray(junk, sp, r1, addr, r0, pc, ps)
{
    addr -= 2;
    logstray(addr);
    printf("stray interrupt at %o\n", addr);
}
/*
* nonexistent system call-- set fatal error code.
*/
nosys()
{
    u._error = 100;
}
/*
* Ignored system call
nullsys()
{
}
```

```
/* @(#)utssys.c 2.1 */  
#include "sys/param.h"  
#include "sys/user.h"  
#include "sys/userx.h"  
#include "sys/reg.h"  
#include "sys/utname.h"  
utssys()  
{
```

```
    switch(u.u_arg[0]) {  
    case 0:    if (copyout(autname, u.u_arg[0], sizeof(utname)))  
                break;  
    default:  u.u_error = EFAULT;  
    }  
}
```